



SJVAPCD Rule Changes

Burner Technologies



R.F. MacDonald Co.
your boiler & pump solutions team

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Introduction



- AJ Feliz
- Director of Engineering
- ME degree out of Cal Poly Pomona
- With R.F. MacDonald Co. for 18 years
- Specializing in custom emission control systems utilizing SCR

Applicability



- Central Valley Counties
- Applies to:
 - Boilers
 - Steam Generators
 - Process Heaters
- Sizes >5 MMBtu/hr
- Approximately 1,273 units effected
- First deadline is May 1, 2022
- Compliance with both rules 4306 and 4320 is required

Agenda

- Overview of Boiler NOx Formation
- NOx Reduction Strategies
- NOx Compliance Options
- Low NOx Burners and Controls
- Combining Energy Efficiency With Boiler NOx Upgrades
- Q&A

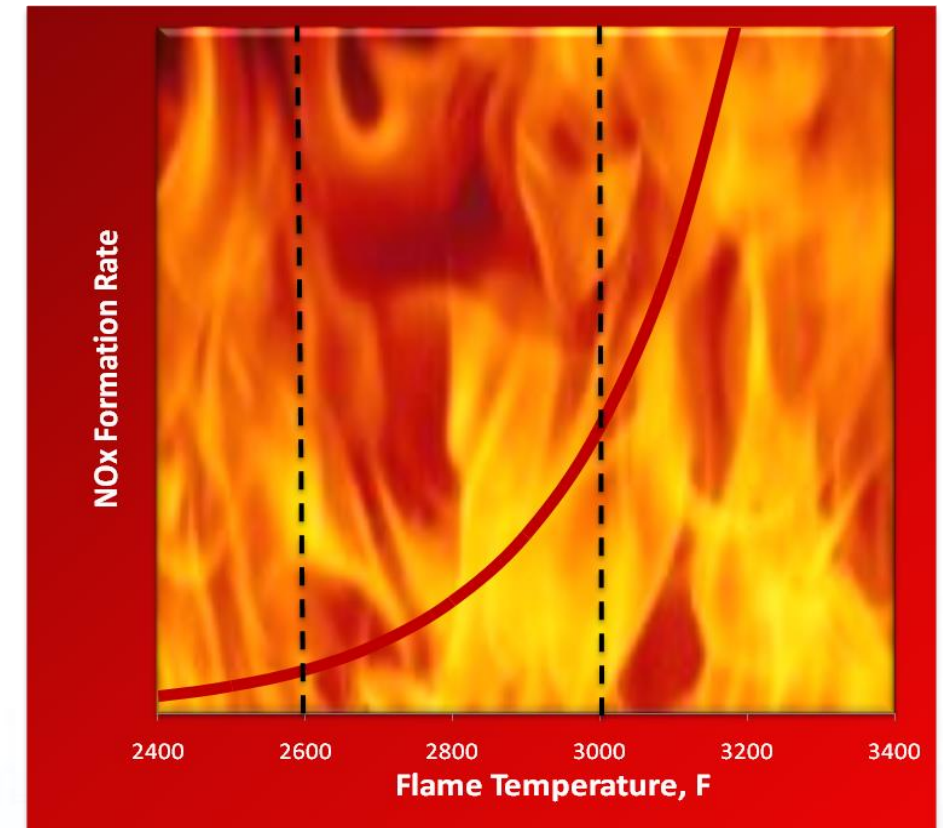


Overview of NOx Formation

- Boilers have burners which use combustion to produce heat to make hot water or steam
 - NOx is a by-product of combustion
- NOx is a pollutant contributing to:
 - Ozone, Particulate Matter, Acid Rain
- 3 Types of NOx Formation:
 - Thermal NOx
 - Prompt NOx
 - Fuel Bound NOx (not a concern if PUC gas)

Overview of NOx Formation

- Thermal NOx is the largest contributor to the overall total NOx
- Combustion: Fuel + Air(O₂+N₂) + Ignition
 - Ideal Combustion:
 - $\text{CH}_4 + \text{O}_2 + \text{N}_2 \Rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{N}_2 + \text{O}_2 + \text{Heat}$
- Under high temperatures of combustion (> 2600F), Thermal NOx is formed:
 - $\text{N}_2 + \text{O}_2 + \text{Heat} \Rightarrow \text{NO}_x$
- Thermal NOx is an exponential function of flame temperature



NOx Reduction Strategies 1 and 2

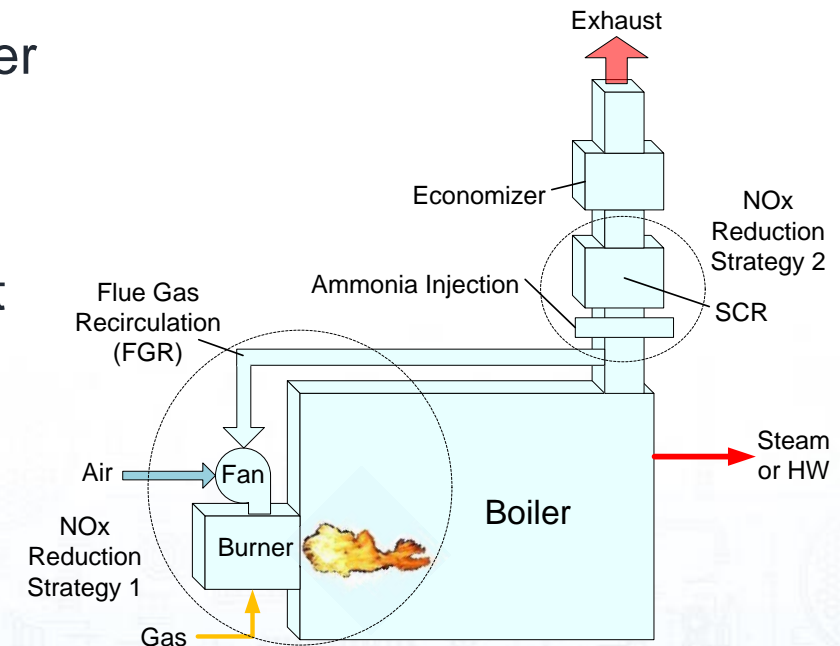
(1) Burner Modifications or New Burner:

- Available down to 5 ppm NOx
- Less expensive than exhaust treatment solutions like SCR
- Cost effective on boilers < 20 MM Btu
- Can decrease efficiency depending on the NOx level & burner type, without additional upgrades

(2) Exhaust Treatment (SCR):

- Selective catalytic reduction (SCR) equipment added to treat the NOx after combustion
- NOx reduction less than 2.5 ppm
- To date, installed on water-tube boilers >8 MMBtu
- More initial cost and continued maintenance than burner options
- Less impact on efficiency

Future
Workshop



Strategy 1: Low NOx Reduction

- **Burner NOx Reduction Methods:**
 - Flue Gas Recirculation (FGR)
 - Altering the fuel / air ratio and excess O₂
 - Improve the fuel / air distribution & mixing
 - Improve the flame distribution (reduce hot spots)
 - Using staged combustion (both fuel & air)
- Most burner designs are focused on lowering the flame temp
- Challenge: lowering flame temp. w/o reducing efficiency & flame stability
 - Increased excess O₂ will decrease efficiency
 - FGR has less impact on efficiency but can increase fan HP

Excess Air / O ₂ , %		DOE Combustion Efficiency:				
		Exhaust Stack Temperature Minus Combustion Air Temperature, °F				
Air	O ₂	200	300	400	500	600
9.5	2.0	85.4	83.1	80.8	78.4	76.0
15.0	3.0	85.2	82.8	80.4	77.9	75.4
28.1	5.0	84.7	82.1	79.5	76.7	74.0
44.9	7.0	84.1	81.2	78.2	75.2	72.1

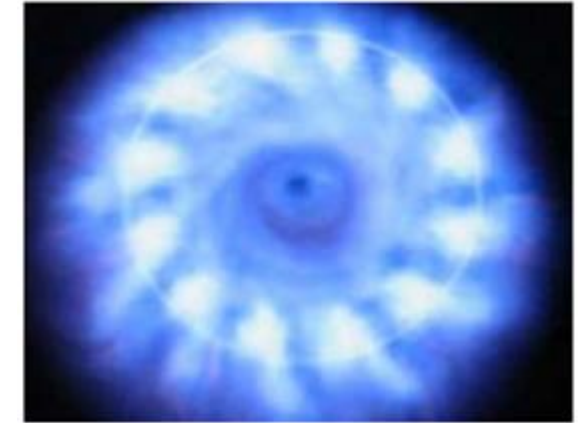
Strategy 1: Low NOx Reduction

Low NOx Burners: 30 ppm NOx

- No FGR required-SBR 30 Burners
- Can maintain 3% excess O₂ with good controls
- Good turndown > 5 to 1 and flame stability

Ultra Low NOx Burners: 9 to 5 ppm NOx

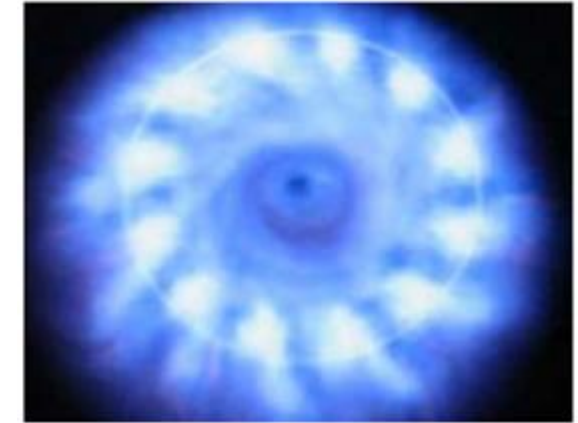
- Uses FGR and different fuel/air ratios & staging
- Some designs may have:
 - Higher excess O₂ (can range from 5 to 9%)
 - Larger fan HP (15% to 50% more)
 - Less turndown (3 or 4 to 1) & flame stability
- Improvements made & will continue
 - Many now at 4% to 7% excess O₂



Strategy 1: Low NOx Reduction

Common Conventional Designs:

- Utilize higher FGR & lean mixture designs:
 - *Lean Premix – Gas Nozzles & Metal Fiber*
 - *Lean Rapid Mix – Gas Nozzles*



New Designs Aimed at Improving Efficiency:

- Lower excess O₂ (3 to 5%), FGR & fan HP
- One Example: Staged Combustion
 - *Fuel/air combusted in multiple stages (rich & lean)*
 - *Low NOx in each stage of combustion*

Strategy 2: Summary NOx Reduction with SCR Exhaust Gas Treatment

- SCR – custom engineered, new or existing equipment solution
- Large Boilers: recommendation for SCR vs ULN Burners for higher efficiency & lower NOx capabilities
- Good application for non-standard fuel applications or process heaters
- Now developed for Fire-tube applications
 - *To handle lower stack temperatures*
- More information will be presented at the next Workshop

Future Workshop



Summary of NOx Compliance Options

1. Existing Burner Retrofit / Modification

- May be applicable if going from 15 to 9 ppm or from 9 to 5 ppm

2. Install New Burner (Replacement)

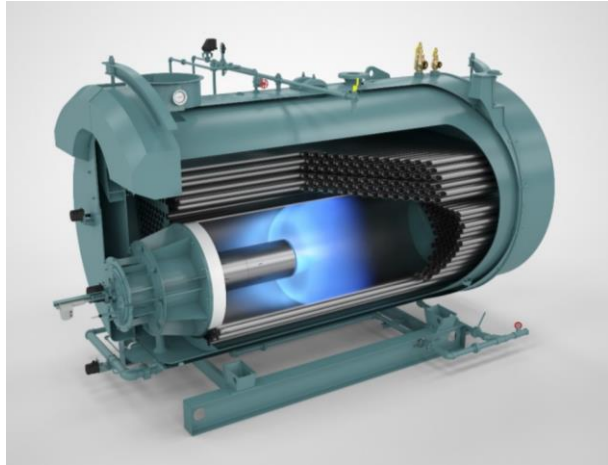
- For 30, 15 or 9 ppm NOx
- Availability for less 5 ppm NOx on certain sizes

3. Install New Boiler (Future Workshop)

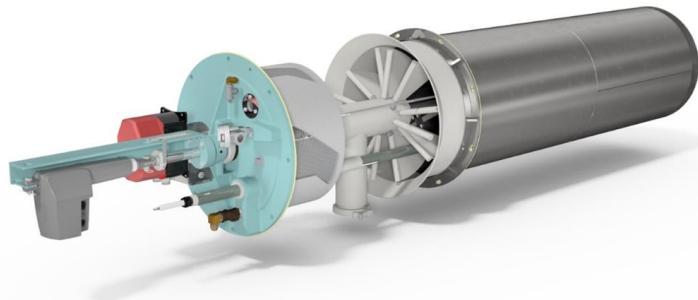
- New boiler vs. new burner will depend on the age of the boiler

Low NOx Burners

CB LNO Series Burners



- Burner head design enables the highest combustion efficiency at sub-5 ppm NOx of any burner in the industry
- Patent-pending technology
- Premixed fuel and air are delivered to the burner head
- Mixture is discharged radially deeper within the furnace
- Outward velocity is actively controlled
- Single-stage combustion eliminates hot spots that produce NOx emissions
- Flame is anchored on furnace inside diameter
- Size range of 250 to 700 HP
- Can be retrofitted onto some existing units
- Natural gas (additional gaseous fuels to come)



Low NOx Burners

Pro-Fire SBR Series Burners



- Low-NOx Emissions as low as 5 ppm achieved with FGR
- Maximum Efficiency provided by standardized parallel positioning
- Uniform Flame for equal heat transfer allowed by premix fuel
- Easy Access air housing for internal components
- Silent operation with an advanced combustion air fan wheel using less horsepower and less noise
- Lower maintenance cost with no air filters needed
- Low-NOx/CO achieved without a fragile surface combustion burner head, making it safer and more reliable, and requires less maintenance

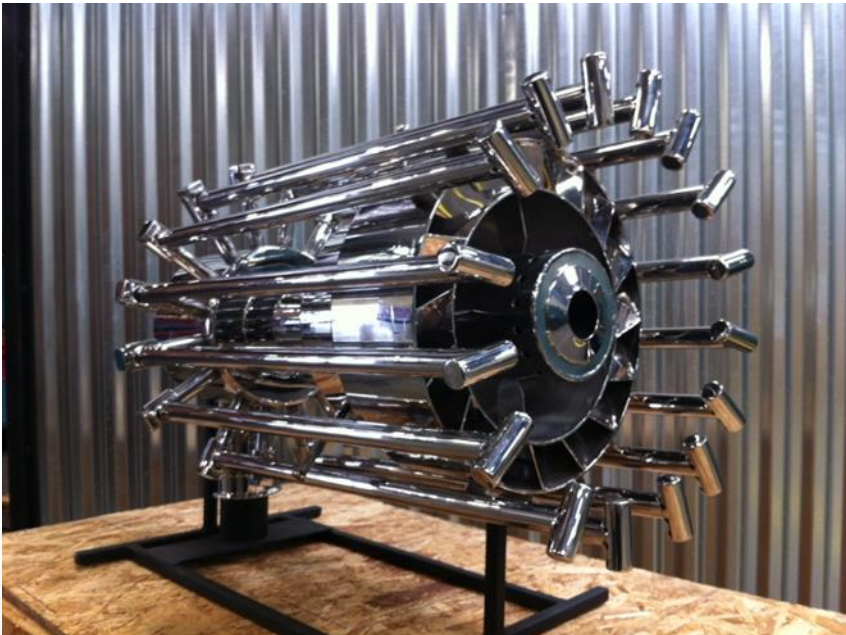


Low NOx Burners



Pro-Fire NT Series Burners Axial Flow Burner

- Low NOx lance style hammerhead design
- Utilizes low to moderate swirling air jet aerodynamics
- Intensive mixing with counter flow injection
- Swirl and center core bluff body to stabilize the flame
- Stainless Steel Internals
- Low Excess Air Burner
- Typical O₂% 4.0 – 5.0%
- <9 PPM NOx
- <50 PPM CO
- Utilizes FGR
- Dual Fuel: Gas/Oil
- Turndown: 5:1



Low NOx Burners

Pro-Fire NT Series Burner Family



Pro-Fire NTH Burner



Pro-Fire NTXL Burner



Pro-Fire NTD Burner

- Firetube and Watertube applications up to 92MMbtu
- 5:1 turndown
- <9-7ppm NO_x throughout the entire firing range
- <50ppm CO
- Low excess air
- Available with advanced HAWK PLC based controls
- Can be custom configured for any application



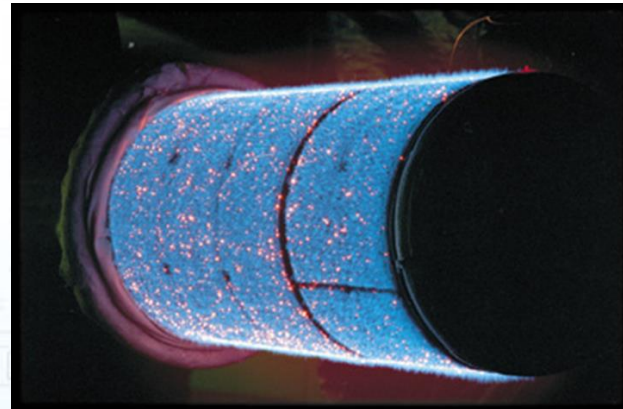
Low NOx Burners

Pro-Fire MTH Series Burners



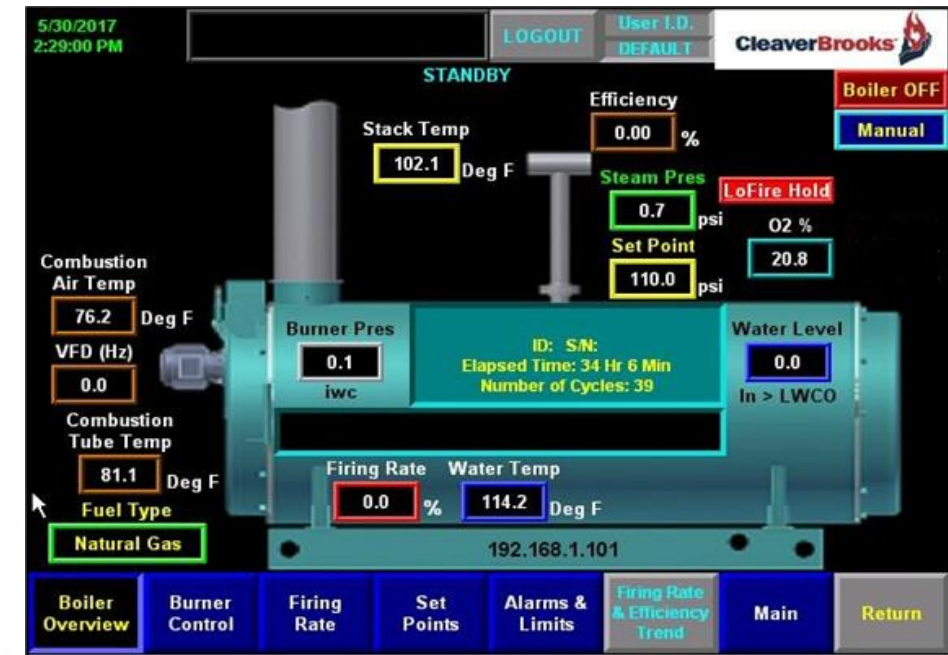
Metal Fiber Burner

- Pre-Mix Surface Stabilized
- Metal Fiber Element
- High Excess Air Burner
- Typical O₂% 7.5 – 9.0%
- Requires Filter Element
- <9 PPM NOx
- <50 PPM CO
- Natural Gas
- Low Gas Pressure
- No FGR required
- Turndown: 3:1



Advanced Controls

- All Burner Options includes a completely integrated burner control system designed by Cleaver-Brooks specifically for the boiler and burners for seamless integration
- Digital-positioning feedback from actuators ensures precise control, repeatability, and reliability
- Includes programming for O₂ trim to maintain proper fuel-to-air ratio across the firing rate
- Incorporates flue gas recirculation (FGR) trim to monitor FGR rate and trim FGR valve to maintain consistent levels
- Certain 9ppm CB boilers NOx can be lowered to 7PPM with just a controls upgrade, see an RFM representative for more details



Why try and combine Boiler Energy Efficiency with NOx Upgrades

- Mitigate efficiency decrease & increased operating cost from NOx reduction
- Energy & utility cost savings
 - *Increase efficiency beyond existing*
 - *1 to 5% efficiency improvement possible*
- If done as a single project:
 - *Reduced downtime*
 - *More cost-effective for implementing energy efficiency upgrades than if done separately*
 - *Create a payback that otherwise might not exist*

Why try and combine Boiler Energy Efficiency with NOx Upgrades

- Reduced greenhouse gas emissions (AB-32, potential carbon emissions regulations)
- Rebates / incentives may be available for the energy efficiency upgrades
- May increase boiler output capacity
- If aged energy recovery equipment exists, replace end of life equipment

Recommendations for Evaluating Boiler NOx Upgrades

- Every customer is different
- RFM can evaluate site specific conditions and propose customized options
- Evaluation will look at costs:
 - Energy
 - Operations
 - 4320 Fee compliance
- Competitive analysis available to make sure you are making the most of your investment



Rule Change Milestones Reminder

San Joaquin Valley
AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT

4306 – Non-Deferred Units Submit
Emission Control Plan/Authority
to Construct

4320 – Submit Emission Control
Plan/Authority to Construct

May 1, 2022

4306 – Non-Deferred Units
Compliance Date

4320 – Compliance Date

Dec 31, 2023

4306 – Deferred Units Submit
Emission Control Plan/Authority
to Construct

May 1, 2028

4306 – Deferred Units Compliance
Date

Dec 31, 2029

Jan 1, 2025

4320 – Invoices for those choosing
the fee method will be issued for
2024 operations



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Conclusion



- When navigating the new rule changes, each user will have options to evaluate to see what makes the best sense for them
- Some early adopters have the ability to defer compliance until Dec. 31, 2029
- Regardless of the course of action, all users must have compliance plans submitted to the district by May 1, 2022

Contact Information

Thank you for joining us today. A follow up email will be sent to you with your R.F. MacDonald Co. customer service rep's contact information and a link to our workshops.

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